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SUBSIDIARY LEGISLATION

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GOVERNMENT NOTICE No. 219 published on 2 11 2007

THE WATER WORKS ACT

(CAP, 272)

ORDER

Made under section 3(1)

THE WATER WORKS (DESIGNATION AND DECLARATION OF WATER SUPPLY AREA) ORDER, 2007

1. This Order may be cited as the Waterworks (Designation and Declaration of Water Supply Area) Order, 2007 and shall come into operation on the date of publication.

2. The Water User's Association specified in the Schedule to this Order is hereby designated and declared to be Water Supply Area.

Designation and Declara-

SCHEDULE

S No.	Water User's Association	Area	
	Mtapamtii Water User's Association	Mtae, Mpanga and Mtii Villages	

Dar es Salaam, 19th July, 2007

Shukuru J. Kawambwa, Minister for Water G V Vo 220 would

Gest Results i Notice No. 220 published on 2.11.2007

EXECUTIVE AGENCIES ACT, 1997

(CAP. 245).

ORDER

Made under section 3

THE EXECUTIVE AGENCY

(TAASISI YA SANAA NA UTAMADUNI BAGAMOYO) (ESTABLISHI MENT) ORDER, 2007

Citation

1. This Order may be cited as the Executive Agency (Taasisi ya Sanaa na Utamaduni) (Establishment) Order, 2007 and shall come into operation on the date of publication.

l-stablishment 2. There is established the Taasisi ya Sanaa na Utamaduni to be known by the acronym TaSUBa to take over the functions currently performed by the Bagamoyo College of Arts in the Ministry of Information. Culture and Sports

Gavernent: responsibilities Powers etc Governance, responsibilities, powers, accountability and other matters relating to Taasisi ya Sanaa na Utamaduni shall be as specified in the Framework Document set out in the Schedule to this Order.

SCHEDULI

L0 FOREWORD

Public Service Reform Programme (PSRP) in Janzania has mitiated policy changes and frameworks with the aim of stimulating socio-economic performance through effective public service delivery. In the same framework, the government has transformed some of its former departments and institutions to become Executive Agencies which can run businesses on behalf of the government in a quasi-business manner for some of its operational services. It is with this spirit that Taasisi va Sanaa na Utamadumi Bagamovo (TaSUBa) is established as an Agency. The aim of TaSUBa is to provide training opportunities research and advisory services in arts and culture under the culture policy guidelines TaSUBa is expected to offer its services to clients in Tanzania to the government, public, private sector as well as other stakeholders in the wide region of Africa and

beyond. TaSUBa can realize its expected performance by utilizing existing business potential in both the public and private sector clients with a stake in arts and culture.

faSDBa will have to take cognizance of the needs of its customers and stakeholders to cope with competitive behavior emerging in the sector. TaSDBa has developed its Strategic Plan which focuses on stakeholders as the area of investment to satisfy its customers as its main area of business.

I would like to take this opportunity to thank the Agency Implementation Team for their commitment in the entire process. President's Office-Public Service Management for their guidance and all stakeholders for their inputs that have resulted into the establishment of TaSUBa

I therefore wish the Chief Executive and all the employees every success in making TaSUBa an effective and efficient Executive Agency in the delivery of public service

Hox, MULAMMED SEIF KHATIB(MP)
Minister of Information, Culture and Sports

Historical Background of the Institute.

The Taasisi ya Sanaa na Utamaduni Bagamoyo-TaSUBa is a product of the Bagamoyo College of Arts (BCA) and can be traced from 1962 when for the first time in the history of the then Tanganyika, the Ministry of National Culture and Youth was established. In 1963, the Ministry formulated a National Performing Arts Company (NPAC) starting with dance and it grew over the years to include aerobatics in 1969. However it worth noting that since 1961 the Department of Culture has been moved from one ministry to the other as indicated by the profile at the end of this chapter

The need for training in the arts was recognized since 1971 under the Ministry of National Education. This led to the establishment of Aerobatics training. The trainees who were recruited from primary schools received aerobatics training and for those who had not completed Primary education received both aerobatics training and Primary education. In 1974 after the government re-established the Ministry of National Culture and Youth together with inclusion of drama frompe in NPAC, an improved training programme was designed which resulted into the College of Performing Arts.

In 1980, it was decided by the parent Ministry to disband NPAC due to the fact that the government changed strategy of NPAC going around the country performing and decided to establish training college where the students will go and learn dance, drama, aerobatics and music. The Ministry also decided to shift the established College of Performing Arts from Dar es Salaam to Bagamoyo due to minimum expansion space around it

In 1981, the College of Performing Arts started officially in Bagamoyo hence acquired the name Bagamoyo College of Performing Arts. Six years later in 1987, the college changed its name to Bagamoyo College of Arts (BCA) after introducing Fine Arts subjects, Objectives of BCA were as follows-

- (a) to produce Arts promoters, performers, planners, administrators, and creators for both public and private consumption;
- (b) to produce arts researchers, advisors and consultants at national and international levels;
- (e) to promote artistic standards and appreciation of the customs and traditions of the people of Tanzania; and
- (d) to promote awareness in the use of arts in issues concerning environment, women in development and gender.

From the late eighties to early nineties, the Swedish International Development ecoperation Agency (Sida) and Norwegian Agency for Development .Cooperation (Norad): offered support in development of BCA in many aspects.

In 1998 BCA established Institutional relations with two Norwegian Institutions namely University of Stavanger and Stavanger School of Culture. This resulted into the NOTA -Project which is an intercultural collaboration project involving the three Institutions.

Events that happened in 2002 marked an important turning point to the future of BCA. In January 2002 the prestigious theatre building eaught fire and burned to ashes. In May 2002 Sida commissioned COWI, a consultancy firm, to review BCA and to come up with recommendations for improving operations. In September 2002 an expert's workshop on arts and culture from East Africa was conducted to find out ways of developing a curriculum for advanced training in the arts for East African arts practitioners. In November 2002 a Stakeholders workshop was convened in Bagamoyo to discuss a proposed master plan for BCA with particular emphasis on the physical infrastructure.

, By 2005, BCA became fully registered with the National Council for Technical Education (NACTE); during this period a three year strategic plan for the development of BCA was developed and implemented and also advisory board was instituted and launched.

Towards the end of 2005, a decision was made by the then Ministry of Education and Culture now Ministry of Education and Vocational Training, that BCA be transformed into an Executive Agency as part of the government's Public Service Reform Programme.

. MOVEMENT PROFILE OF DEPARMENT OF CULTURE WITHIN THE GOVERNMENT

YEAR	MINISTRY
1962	Ministry of National Culture and Youth
1961	President's Office
1967	Ministry of Regional Administration and Rural Development
1968	Ministry of National Education
1974	Ministry of National Culture and Youth
1980	Ministry of Information and Culture
1984	Prime Minister's Office
1985	Ministry of Community Development Youth and Sports

G. N. No. 220 (contd.)

1988 Ministry of Labour, Culture and Social Welfare

1990 Ministry of Education and Culture

2006 Ministry of Information, Culture and Sports

2.0 STATUS, GOVERNANCE AND STRUCTURE

2.1 STATUS

With effect from June 2007 the order legally establishing the Taasisi ya Sanaa na Utamaduni Bagamoyo (TaSUBa) as an Executive Agency of the Ministry of Information, Culture and Sports in accordance with the Executive Agencies Act No. 30 of 1997 came in force.

Taasisi ya Sanaa na Utamaduni Bagamoyo has been established to develop, preserve and promote Tanzanian arts and culture. In order to do that the institute will have to achieve the following objectives:-

- (a) to offer high quality training programs learning facilities, multi-media, arts and culture production;
- (b) to undertake consultancy services and research in arts and culture, and
- (c) to facilitate an efficient management of the Institute resources.

2.2 GOVERNANCE

TaSUBa will be managed by a Chief Executive appointed by the Minister for Information. Culture and Sports for a term not exceeding five years. The Permanent Secretary (PS) for Ministry of Information. Culture and Sports will be responsible for policy and the strategic management of TaSUBa. The PS will oversee the interests of the Ministry and the government in general. There shall be a Ministerial Advisory Board (MAB) that will advise the Minister on the performance of TaSUBa.

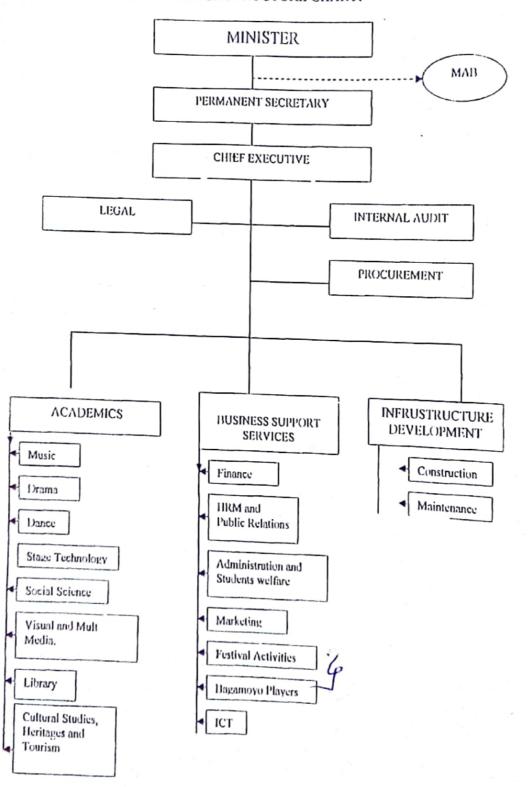


2.3 Structure J.C.L.:

Chief Executive will be assisted by three directors and three head of units. Chief Executive, Directors and heads of units will constitute the management team of the agency.



TaSUBa ORGANIZATION STRUCTURE CHART:



30 A1M

Is to develop, preserve and promote Tanzanian arts and culture and impart knowledge of the same to existing and future generations from anywhere in the world

: 1 VISION STATEMENT

A dynamic Arts, and Culture centre of excellence in Africa

32 MISSION STATEMENT

Conduct training, research and consultancy services in arts and culture by producing high quality professional artists, arts managers, cultural workers as well as producing arts products, services and multimedia productions

; 1 KEY RESULT AREAS (KRAS)

- 1 Infrastructure Development
- Improvement of training and research programmes
- I ffective and efficient management of TaSUBa

KEY RESULT AREAS AND STRATEGIC OBJECTIVES : 5

KLY RESULT AREA 1 (Infrastructure Development)

Strategic Objectives

Key Performance Indicators

One beach motel constructed and operational by June 2010.

"" of work completed on construction of one beach motel

Three student's hostels and CL's house. Number of student hostels constructed and "a of built b June 2008

CI's house constructed

Six students' hostels rehabilitated b 2009. Number of rehabilitated hostels room in use

Administration block built b June 2010 - "# of new administration block com leted

KLY RESULT AREA 2. Improvement of Training and Research programmes

Mratega Objectives

Key Performance Indicators

Carriest curriculum reviewed by June 2011. Number of Updated curriculla-

New controlling for higher diploma deselo ed ti Au ma 2009

Documentation leading to accreditation of the program with NACTE completed

Mess controllers for Bachelor of Arts. developed in December 2010

Documentation leading to accreditation of the program with NACH, completed

Contentant for their course, developed

Number of curricula developed and administered and administered by August 2008 for short comises

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1:	١,	Vo.	220	(contd.)

and documented by June 2011

Research projects developed, undertaken Number of research projects undertaken and

and presented by June 2011

Eight major theatre productions prepared. Number of major theatre productions produced and released

Two major film productions developed and Number of major film productions developed and sold by 2011

and sold by 2011 100 works of visual arts produced by June Number of works of visual arts produced and

Nine consultancy projects undertaken by

sold 2011 Number of consultancy projects undertaken June

2011 KEY RESULT AREA 3: Effective and efficient management of TaSUBa

Strategic Objectives

Key Performance Indicators

50% of required staff recruited by June 2011

Number of vacant posts filled

50% teaching staff trained in relevant skills by 2011

Number of teaching staff trained in relevant skills

Short-term training of 50% non-teaching staff by 2011

Number of non-teaching staff trained

Leadership training for top management and heads of sections conducted by 2009.

Number of senior management staff trained in leadership

Regulations formulated and enforced by 2011

Number of regulations formulated and enforced

50% Office equipment and facilities purchased and acquired by 2011.

Number of identified equipments purchased and acquired

ICT equipments and software purchased and installed by 2011

Number of ICT equipments and software procured and installed

JCT training conducted to 60% of staff by 2011

Number of staff trained in ICT

3.6 Performance criteria

The Ministerial Advisory Board will regularly assess the performance of the TaSUBa based on the Strategie Plan and targets developed. Assessments will be based on regular performance reports submitted to the Minister and in that regard; particular attention will be paid to the following creas:

3.6.1 Quality of Service

(i) Provision of quality Tanzanian arts culture goods, research, consultancy. Multimedia and cultural Tourism services:

G. N. No. 220 (contd.)

- (ii) Competent recognised international and national wise in quality and qualification arts and culture;
- (iii) In-house monitoring and evaluation for the improvement of service and effective feed back system; and
- (iv) Timely delivery of reports by the use of modern information technology systems.

3.6.2 Operational efficiency

- Prompt preparation and billing of charges for the services offered and products released;
- (ii) Use of best and transparent internal procedures for the issue of arts and culture products;
- (iii) Timely payment for goods and services received;
- (iv) Effective application of management information systems in all sectors of the Agency to raise productivity levels; and
- (v) Improvement of cost: revenue ratio.

3.6.3 Financial performance

- (i) Prompt collection of all revenues;
- (ii) Timely and accurate production of financial reports; (iii) Clean Audit reports;
- (iv) Effectiveness and transparency of the procurement and stock control systems; and
- (v) Increased level of investments.

4.0 THE ROLE OF THE MINISTER

The Minister for Information, Culture & Sports is responsible for establishing TaSUBa, appointing Chief Executive and members of the Ministerial Advisory Board, and for ensuring that the Public and the government enjoys maximum benefit from the agency establishment.

The Minister is responsible for determining the Culture Policy framework and the operational boundaries within which TaSUBa operates, and financial resources that are to be made available to the Agency.

The Minister shall not be involved in daily operation of TaSUBa: the Chief Executive may, consult the Minister on the handling of operational matters which arises to the public significance or parliamentary concern.

The Minister on behalf of the Government shall be responsible in supervising and see that our cultural heritage is protected and promoted in a Civic responsible manner.

5.0 RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE PERMANENT SECRETARY

1. The Permanent Secretary being the Accounting Officer has the overall responsibility to the Minister for Information. Culture and Sports on matters concerning voted, funds and is the principal policy advisory to the Ministry for Arts and Culture Sports matters. The Permanent Secretary shall be responsible for the Strategic Management of TaSUBa and for this purpose, may give directions to the Chief Executive but with due regard to the need to uphold TaSUBa autonomy in the day to day management of its affairs.

G. N. No. 220 (contd.)

- 2. The Permanent Secretary shall be responsible for the discipline and control of the Chief Executive.
- The Permanent Secretary will receive appeals of the employees who are aggrieved by the decisions of the Chief Executive as stipulated by the Executive Agencies Act No.30 of 1997.
- 4. The Permanent Secretary shall be the chairperson to the Ministerial Advisory Board.
- 5. The Permanent Secretary shall taking into account the overall government policies, and the business case presented, decide whether the intention of Chief Executive's to borrow money or to acquire or dispose of immovable property are acceptable.
- 6. The Permanent Secretary will promote interests of TaSUBa and keep the . Chief Executive aware of higher level of government thinking:
- 7. The Permanent Secretary is the principal accounting officer for the ministry and as such is responsible for ensuring a high standard of financial management in the conduct of all responsibilities charged upon the Ministry of Information, Culture and Sports and the Parliament.

6.0 RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE CHIEF EXECUTIVE

The Chief Executive is responsible for managing TaSUBa within the terms of this Framework Document and the Executive Agencies Act No. 30 of 1997 and its regulations. The Chief Executive is the Agency's Accounting Officer and shall specifically be responsible for:

- 1. The day to day operation of the Agency
- The preparation and submission of strategic and business plans and associated budgets.
- Proposing the strategies that will enable the Agency to meet its; Objective and targets.
- The personnel management, organization, Control and discipline of the employee of the Agency.
- Promoting public confidence in the professionalism and quality of its services and impartiality of the Agency decisions.
- The organization and management of assets and resources allocated to him
 efficiently, effectively, economically and in accordance with the principals of
 fairness and equality and outlined in government policies and financial regulations.
- 7. The preparation of an annual report and financial statements for submission to the Permanent Secretary, the Minister for Information Culture and Sports, and the Parliament.
- The provision to Permanent Secretary of such information as in required enabling performance to be monitored.
- Contributing to the development and formulation of policy, including assessing
 the impact and practicality of proposed policy changes and ensuring that TaSUBa
 is in a position to implement such changes expeditiously and efficiently.



10. Mobilize and negotiate for resources.

11. Work closely with other key stakelynders in the sector to ensure successful implementation of arts and culture policies and better delivery of service.

7.0 THE MINISTERIAL ADVISORY BOARD

Ministerial Advisory Board shall be established to assist and advice the Minister on the following:

- (a) development and maintenance of a policy framework; (b) objectives of TaSUBa;
- (e) acceptability of the Chief Executive's Strategic and Business Plans and associated budgets;
- (d) setting of priorities and annual performance targets for the Agency, (e) acceptability of the Annual Reports and Financial Statements, (f) evaluation of the Agency's performance; and
- (g) any other matter provided for under the Executive Agencies Act No. 30 of 1997 and subsequent amendments.

The Board shall hold its meetings as often as the Chairperson may determine, but not less than twice each financial year. The Chief Executive shall be an ex-officio member of the MAB.

8.0 ACCOUNTABILITY

8.1 Accounting Officer's Responsibilities

Permanent Secretary is the Principal Accounting Officer for the Ministry and as such, is responsible for ensuring a high standard of financial management in the conduct of all responsibilities charged on the Ministry of Information, Culture and Sports.

Chief Executive is the TaSUBa's Accounting Officer, and is therefore accountable for ensuring the propriety and regularity of revenue and expenditure, for prudent and economical administration. He shall ensure the requirements of the Ministry of Finance are met in accordance with the Agency's Financial Regulations. Accounting

Manual and Finance and Procurement Acts. The Chief Executive is responsible for establishing proper management system and as such, shall take account of the financial guidance issued by the Ministry of Finance, and the personnel management guidance issued by the President's Office -Public Service and Management (PO-PSM) S he shall also put into effect the recommendations acceptable by the Government from the Public Accounts and other Parliamentary Committees.

8.2 Public Accounts Committee

Permanent Secretary and Chief Executive may be required to appear before the Public Accounts Committee on matters relating to the TaSUBa. Where the Committee's interest is in the operations of the TaSUBa, the Minister will normally regard the Chief Executive as the person best placed to appear.

8.3 Parliamentary and other inquires

Members of the Parliament are encouraged to deal directly with the Chief Executive on matters, which are the responsibility of the TaSUBa.

Chief Executive shall work closely with Minister to prepare the formal replies to questions raised by Members of Parliament inquiries, which fall under the responsibility of the TaSUBa

9.0 FINANCE, PLANNING AND STRATEGIC CONTROL

9.1 Funding

TaSUBa's resource requirements will be met from the revenue collected from fee, sales of Arts, Culture and Multi-media products and charges for services rendered, supplements as shown to be necessary in the agency's Business Plan by Government subventions, loans and grants

TaSUBa's expenditure will be subject to monthly, quarterly and annual monitoring and review.

9.2 Strategic and Business Plans.

Chief Executive of TaSUBa shall prepare for approval by the Permanent-Secretary a Strategic Plan covering a period of three years and a Business Plan covering one year which give details of operations.

9.2 1 Strategic Plan

The Strategic Plan shall cover a three-year term and be rolled forward and applated each year. It shall reflect the outcome of the review of performance and expenditure, and shall clearly set out:

- (a) The Chief Executive's strategies for achieving TaSUBa's aim and objectives
- (b) Strategie performance targets.
- (c) An assessment of the external factors which influence TaSUBa's activities including key planning assumptions about the services and resources to be provided.
- (d) A capital expenditure program; and
- (e) Efficiency objectives and business plans

9.2.2 Business Plan

The Business Plan will set out in more details. TaSUBa's activities for the first year on the Strategic Plan period, and will include:

- (a) Key performance targets set by the Parent Ministry, priorities and other performance targets.
- (b) Budgets, including estimated profiles of revenue and expenditure,
- (c) The work programmes Action Plan
- (d) The key assumption, which include resources, which are likely to underput performance targets; and
- (e) Ifficiency plan including initiatives to improve performance, value for money and quality of service.

9.3. Approval

The Chief Executive shall submit the Strategic and Business Plans -to the MAB and the Permanent Secretary for approval each year.

The Chief Executive may seek to review the Business Plan in the course of the year to reflect changes in policies, resources or priorities.

Approval of these plans will constitute authority for TaSUBa to conduct its operations accordingly without undue interference by the Ministry,

9.1. Annual Report and Accounts

The Chief Executive shall submit an Annual Report and financial statements to the MAB, the Permanent Secretary and Minister after the end of each financial year. The Report shall be published and circulated to relevant authorities, and shall contain:

- (a) A copy of the audited financial statements of TaSUBa together with the Auditor's report on those statements:
- (b) A report or performance against key targets;
- (c) A report on the operations of TaSUBa during that financial year, and
- (d) Any other information as may be required by the Permanent Secretary.

The Annual Report will also contain the annual performance agreement between the Permanent Secretary and Chief Executive.

9.5 Financial Delegation

The Chief Executive has the authority to approve all expenditure which is consistent with the approved Strategic and Business Plans and which is in accordance with his letter of delegation.

The Chief Executive shall ensure that appropriate investment appraisal of all capital expenditure projects is carried out, taking account of such guidance as the Ministry of Finance or President's Office-Public Service Management may issue from time to time. Major capital expenditure areas will be considered in the context of the approved of Strategic and Business Plans

TaSUBa's will undertake post implementation reviews to determine whether projects have achieved objectives set up.

9.6 Value for Money

Chief Executive is responsible for obtaining value for money in the procurement and delivery of works, goods and services. Accordingly, Chief Executive will implement a range of efficiency measures in accordance with the agreed programme and timetable set out in the Strategic and Business plans. The Chief Executive is responsible for maintenance of standards and value for money of any work contracted out and ensuring that the security and confidentiality safeguards are maintained.

9.7 Internal Audit

The Chief Executive is responsible for ensuring that adequate arrangements exist for the provision of an internal audit service. The Internal Auditing shall be done in accordance with the standards set by the Ministry of Finance, National Board of Accountant and Auditors and TaSUBa's Accounting Manual.

The Internal auditor to the Ministry of Information, Culture and Sports shall have the right to access the Agency to perform work necessary to give independent assurance to the Principal Accounting Officer (Permanent Secretary). The Permanent Secretary shall receive eopies of all internal audit reports.

9.8 External Audit

TaSUBa is subject to external audit by the National Audit Office of the United Republic of Tanzania which has the right to conduct interim audits, special audits and value for money studies relating to TaSUBa's activities.

9.9 Budgetary Flexibilities

The Chief Executive shall have the power, which shall be exercised in accordance with Ministry of Finance guidelines, and the limits set out in the Executive Agencies (Finance, Procurement and Store) Regulations of 1999, Public Procurement Act No. 21 of 2004 and Public Finance Act No.6 of 2001 with their respective regulations.

9.9.1 Capital Expenditure

The Chief Executive shall have the powers in relation with the capital expenditure to-

- (a) authorize capital expenditure on individual capital projects according to the Public Procurement Act No. 21 of 2004.
- (b) transfer resources allocated to one item in the budget to another,
- (e) earry over in full to the next financial year any under spent amount on capital provisions from the previous financial year.

9.9.2 Running Costs

The Chief Executive shall have the powers in relation with the running costs to-

- (a) manage all running costs allocations as a single budget;
- (b) transfer resources allocated to one item in the budget to another'; and
- (e) earry over in full to the next financial year any under spent amount on running costs from the previous financial year.

9.9.3 Assets and Liabilities The Chief Executive may:

- (a) authorize all write-offs and special payments.
- (b) Authorise the disposal of assets in accordance Public Finance Act of 2001 and Procurement Act No. 21 of 2004.



10.0 PERSONNEL

10.1, Status and Conditions of Service.

The TaSUBa staffs are public servants as such their terms and conditions of service will be based upon the Executive Agencies Act No. 30 of 1997 and (Personnel Management) Regulations of 1999, as amended from time to time by the Presidents Office -Public Service Management (PO-PSM) and in accordance with the Public Service Act No.8 of 2002.

10.2 Personnel Management.

The Chief Executive is responsible for the Personnel Management of TaSUBa staff as set out in this Framework Document and the Executive Agencies Personnel Regulations of 1999 and as laid down in the labour laws of Tanzania. He is responsible for ensuring that an equal opportunities policy is formulated and implemented. Within these parameters he may introduce such changes as are necessary to maximize the TaSUBa's efficiency and effectiveness.

10.3 Staff Compliments and Relations

The Chief Executive shall be responsible for managing the affairs of the Agency efficiently and effectively. The end result is to establish and keep up to date the TaSUBa's staff cohesion, relations and team spirit.

The Chief Executive is required to foster good staff relations as an important aid to the achievement of the TaSUBa's objectives, and to ensure effective communication and consultation between the staff and their Trade Union.

Staff retains the right to appeal to the Permanent Secretary on Personnel matters in the event of being dissatisfied by any decision made by the Chief Executive.

10-1 Staff Health and Safety

The Chief Executive is responsible for the health and safety of TaSUBa's staff in the working place and for complying with all relevant legislation and regulations and in this regard, shall consult with staff and their recognized Trade Uni9n representatives on health and safety matters. Besides, the Agency will have action plan to eater for HIV AIDS pandemic.

11.0 REVIEW AND PUBLICATION

11 | Review and Amendment

From time to time, but at least an intervals not exceeding five years, a review of this document shall be undertaken by the Minister for Information, Culture and Sports, advised jointly by the Permanent Secretary, Ministerial Advisory Board and the TaSUBa's Chief Executive, Any change shall be subject to consultation with The President's Office Public Service Management. Any change affecting personnel shall be subject to consultation

G. N. No. 220 (contd.)

with staff and recognized Trade Union representatives. The incorporation of changes may require the approval of the Minister for Information. Culture and Sports, Minister responsible for Public Service Management as well as approval of the Chief Secretary.

11.2 Publications

Amendment to order establishing TaSUBa's, including amendments to the framework document will be laid before parliament in accordance with existing practice. Copies of the framework document and further information about the Agency can be obtained from

The Chief Executive
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Dar es Salaam, September, 2007

MUHAMMED S. KHATIBU,

Minister for Information, Culture and Sports